

Toro Lithium Ion Battery Powered Equipment (UN3481) (Lithium Ion Battery Packed with Equipment)

The Toro Company

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 3

Chemwatch: 5351-43
Version No: 7.1
Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

Issue Date: 23/12/2022
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S.GHS.USA.EN

SECTION 1 Identification

Product Identifier

Product name	Toro Lithium Ion Battery Powered Equipment (UN3481) (Lithium Ion Battery Packed with Equipment)
Chemical Name	Not Applicable
Synonyms	Not Available
Proper shipping name	Lithium ion batteries packed with equipment including lithium ion polymer batteries; Lithium ion batteries contained in equipment including lithium ion polymer batteries
Chemical formula	Not Applicable
Other means of identification	Not Available

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Rechargeable battery. NOTE: Chemical materials are stored in sealed metal case. The toxic properties of the electrode materials are hazardous only if the materials are released by damaging the cell or if exposed to fire. The sealed battery is not hazardous in normal use. The chemical hazards are related to the leaked battery contents.
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Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name	The Toro Company
Address	8111 Lyndale Avenue South, Bloomington MN 55420 United States
Telephone	+1-952-888-8801
Fax	+1-952-887-8258
Website	www.toro.com
Email	HealthAndSafety@toro.com

Emergency phone number

Association / Organisation	CHEMTEL	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7)
Emergency telephone numbers	1-800-255-3924	+1 855-237-5573
Other emergency telephone numbers	+1-813-248-0585	+61 3 9573 3188

Once connected and if the message is not in your preferred language then please dial 01

Una vez conectado y si el mensaje no está en su idioma preferido, por favor marque 02

SECTION 2 Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Chemwatch Hazard Ratings

	Min	Max
Flammability	0	
Toxicity	2	
Body Contact	3	
Reactivity	0	
Chronic	3	

0 = Minimum
1 = Low
2 = Moderate
3 = High
4 = Extreme

NFPA 704 diamond



Note: The hazard category numbers found in GHS classification in section 2 of this SDSs are NOT to be used to fill in the NFPA 704 diamond. Blue = Health Red = Fire Yellow = Reactivity White = Special (Oxidizer or water reactive substances)

Classification	Flammable Liquids Category 3, Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 4, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1B, Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1, Sensitisation (Respiratory) Category 1, Carcinogenicity Category 1B, Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Category 2, Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 4
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Label elements

Toro Lithium Ion Battery Powered Equipment (UN3481) (Lithium Ion Battery Packed with Equipment)

Hazard pictogram(s)	
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Signal word	Danger
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Hazard statement(s)

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H350	May cause cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fumes.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider.
P342+P311	If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.
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SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
Not Available		hermetically sealed case with
12190-79-3	20-50	<u>lithium cobaltate</u>
7782-42-5	10-30	<u>graphite</u>
21324-40-3	0.05-5	<u>lithium fluorophosphate</u>
Not Available	5-20	electrolyte solvent contains
96-49-1	NotSpec	<u>ethylene carbonate</u>
108-32-7	NotSpec	<u>propylene carbonate</u>
105-58-8	NotSpec	<u>diethyl carbonate</u>
105-37-3	NotSpec	<u>ethyl propionate</u>
7440-50-8	3-15	<u>copper</u>
7429-90-5	2-10	<u>aluminium</u>
24937-79-9	<1	<u>vinylidene fluoride homopolymer</u>

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CAS No	%[weight]	Name
12597-69-2	NotSpec	<u>steel</u>
7440-02-0	NotSpec	<u>nickel</u>
Not Available	balance	inert components, proprietary

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Generally not applicable. <p>If this product comes in contact with the eyes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Wash out immediately with fresh running water. ▶ Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. ▶ Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. ▶ Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	<p>If skin contact occurs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. ▶ Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). ▶ Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	Remove patient to fresh air and seek medical attention.
Ingestion	<p>Not considered a normal route of entry.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. ▶ If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. ▶ Observe the patient carefully. ▶ Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. ▶ Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. ▶ Seek medical advice.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- ▶ Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- ▶ Carbon dioxide.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.
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Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Fire Fighting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. ▶ Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. ▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. ▶ Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. ▶ DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. ▶ Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Non combustible. ▶ Not considered to be a significant fire risk. ▶ Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. ▶ May emit acrid smoke. May emit corrosive and poisonous fumes.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	<p>Clean up all spills immediately.</p> <p>Avoid contact with skin and eyes.</p> <p>Place in suitable containers for disposal.</p>
Major Spills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Clean up all spills immediately. ▶ Wear protective clothing, safety glasses, dust mask, gloves. ▶ Secure load if safe to do so. Bundle/collect recoverable product. ▶ Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust.

Continued...

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▸ Vacuum up (consider explosion-proof machines designed to be grounded during storage and use).

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	<p>Do not connect the positive terminal to the negative terminal with electrical wire or chain. Avoid polarity reverse connection when installing the battery to an instrument. Do not wet the battery with water, seawater or acid; or expose to strong oxidizer. Do not damage or remove the external tube. Keep the battery away from heat and fire. Do not disassemble or reconstruct the battery; or solder the battery directly. Do not give a mechanical shock or deform. Do not use unauthorized charger or other charging method. Terminate charging when the charging process does not end within specified time.</p> <p>Use good occupational work practice. Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.</p> <p>Avoid physical damage to containers.</p>
Other information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▸ Keep dry. ▸ Store under cover. ▸ Protect containers against physical damage. ▸ Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS. <p>Keep out of reach of children. Store out of direct sunlight</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▸ Store away from incompatible materials.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Store in original containers.
Storage incompatibility	▸ Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	lithium cobaltate	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	lithium cobaltate	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	lithium cobaltate	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	lithium cobaltate	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	lithium cobaltate	Particulates not otherwise regulated	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	See Appendix D
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	graphite	Graphite, synthetic- Respirable Fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	graphite	Graphite, synthetic- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	graphite	Graphite (Natural)	15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	graphite	Graphite (natural)	2.5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	lithium fluorophosphate	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	lithium fluorophosphate	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	lithium fluorophosphate	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	lithium fluorophosphate	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	lithium fluorophosphate	Particulates not otherwise regulated	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	See Appendix D
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	copper	Copper- Dusts and mists (as Cu)	1 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	copper	Copper- Fume (as Cu)	0.1 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	copper	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	copper	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

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Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELS)	copper	Copper (dusts and mists, as Cu)	1 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	[*Note: The REL also applies to other copper compounds (as Cu) except Copper fume.]
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	aluminium	Aluminum Metal (as Al)- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	aluminium	Aluminum Metal (as Al)- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	aluminium	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	aluminium	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELS)	aluminium	Aluminum - total	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELS)	aluminium	Aluminum - respirable	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELS)	aluminium	Aluminum (pyro powders and welding fumes, as Al)	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	vinylidene fluoride homopolymer	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	vinylidene fluoride homopolymer	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	vinylidene fluoride homopolymer	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	vinylidene fluoride homopolymer	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELS)	vinylidene fluoride homopolymer	Particulates not otherwise regulated	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	See Appendix D
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	steel	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	steel	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	steel	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	steel	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELS)	steel	Particulates not otherwise regulated	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	See Appendix D
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	nickel	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	nickel	Nickel, metal and insoluble compounds (as Ni)	1 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	nickel	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	nickel	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	nickel	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELS)	nickel	Nickel metal and other compounds (as Ni)	0.015 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Ca; See Appendix A [*Note: The REL does not apply to Nickel carbonyl.]
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELS)	nickel	Particulates not otherwise regulated	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	See Appendix D

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
graphite	6 mg/m3	330 mg/m3	2,000 mg/m3
lithium fluorophosphate	7.5 mg/m3	83 mg/m3	500 mg/m3
ethylene carbonate	30 mg/m3	330 mg/m3	2,000 mg/m3
propylene carbonate	34 mg/m3	370 mg/m3	2,200 mg/m3
diethyl carbonate	12 ppm	140 ppm	810 ppm
ethyl propionate	6.3 ppm	69 ppm	410 ppm
copper	3 mg/m3	33 mg/m3	200 mg/m3
nickel	4.5 mg/m3	50 mg/m3	99 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
lithium cobaltate	Not Available	Not Available

Toro Lithium Ion Battery Powered Equipment (UN3481) (Lithium Ion Battery Packed with Equipment)


Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
graphite	1,250 mg/m3	Not Available
lithium fluorophosphate	Not Available	Not Available
ethylene carbonate	Not Available	Not Available
propylene carbonate	Not Available	Not Available
diethyl carbonate	Not Available	Not Available
ethyl propionate	Not Available	Not Available
copper	100 mg/m3	Not Available
aluminium	Not Available	Not Available
vinylidene fluoride homopolymer	Not Available	Not Available
steel	Not Available	Not Available
nickel	10 mg/m3	Not Available

Occupational Exposure Banding

Ingredient	Occupational Exposure Band Rating	Occupational Exposure Band Limit
ethylene carbonate	E	≤ 0.01 mg/m ³
propylene carbonate	E	≤ 0.1 ppm
diethyl carbonate	E	≤ 0.1 ppm
ethyl propionate	E	≤ 0.1 ppm

Notes: Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health.

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye and face protection	None under normal operating conditions. OTHERWISE: ▶ Safety glasses.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	None under normal operating conditions. OTHERWISE: ▶ Rubber Gloves
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities

Respiratory protection

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required. Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	A-AUS P2	-	A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1 P2
up to 50 x ES	-	A-AUS / Class 1 P2	-
up to 100 x ES	-	A-2 P2	A-PAPR-2 P2 ^

^ - Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO₂), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH₃), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

- Respirators may be necessary when engineering and administrative controls do not adequately prevent exposures.
- The decision to use respiratory protection should be based on professional judgment that takes into account toxicity information, exposure measurement data, and frequency and likelihood of the worker's exposure - ensure users are not subject to high thermal loads which may result in heat stress or distress due to personal protective equipment (powered, positive flow, full face apparatus may be an option).
- Published occupational exposure limits, where they exist, will assist in determining the adequacy of the selected respiratory protection. These may be government mandated or vendor recommended.
- Certified respirators will be useful for protecting workers from inhalation of particulates when properly selected and fit tested as part of a complete respiratory protection program.
- Where protection from nuisance levels of dusts are desired, use type N95 (US) or type P1 (EN143) dust masks. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU)
- Use approved positive flow mask if significant quantities of dust becomes airborne.
- Try to avoid creating dust conditions.

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Toro Lithium Ion Battery Powered Equipment (UN3481) (Lithium Ion Battery Packed with Equipment)

Appearance	Coloured solid article with no odour; insoluble in water.		
Physical state	Manufactured	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Applicable
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Applicable
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Applicable	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Applicable	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	Not Applicable	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Applicable	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Applicable
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Applicable	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Applicable
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Applicable	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. ▶ Product is considered stable. ▶ Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	Vapors or fumes may cause respiratory tract irritation. Not normally a hazard due to physical form of product.
Ingestion	Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments Ingestion may result in nausea, abdominal irritation, pain and vomiting
Skin Contact	The electrolyte causes severe skin burns and irritation. Not normally a hazard due to physical form of product.
Eye	The electrolyte causes eye irritation and damage. Not normally a hazard due to physical form of product.
Chronic	The chemicals in this product are contained in a sealed case and exposure does not occur during normal handling and use. Not normally a hazard due to physical form of product.

Toro Lithium Ion Battery Powered Equipment (UN3481) (Lithium Ion Battery Packed with Equipment)	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Not Available	Not Available
lithium cobaltate	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Not Available
	Inhalation(Rat) LC50: 5.05 mg/4h ^[1]	
	Oral (Rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[1]	
graphite	Inhalation(Rat) LC50: >2 mg/L4h ^[1]	Not Available
	Oral (Rat) LD50: >200 mg/kg ^[1]	
lithium fluorophosphate	Oral (Rat) LD50: 50-300 mg/kg ^[1]	Not Available
ethylene carbonate	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye (rabbit): 20 mg - mild [CCInfo]*

Toro Lithium Ion Battery Powered Equipment (UN3481) (Lithium Ion Battery Packed with Equipment)

	Oral (Rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1] Skin (rabbit): 660 mg - moderate Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
propylene carbonate	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >=2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye (rabbit): 60 mg - moderate
	Oral (Rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1] Skin (human): 100 mg/3d-I moderate Skin (rabbit): 500 mg moderate Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
diethyl carbonate	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Inhalation(Rat) LC50: >17.75 mg/L4h ^[1] Oral (Rat) LD50: >4876 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
ethyl propionate	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1] Oral (Rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1] Skin (rabbit):500 mg/24h-moderate Skin: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1]
copper	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1] Inhalation(Rat) LC50: 0.733 mg/4h ^[1] Oral (Mouse) LD50; 0.7 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
aluminium	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Inhalation(Rat) LC50: >2.3 mg/4h ^[1] Oral (Rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
vinylidene fluoride homopolymer	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Not Available	Not Available
steel	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Not Available	Not Available
nickel	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Oral (Rat) LD50: 5000 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
Legend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances	

LITHIUM COBALTATE	<p>Allergic reactions involving the respiratory tract are usually due to interactions between IgE antibodies and allergens and occur rapidly. Allergic potential of the allergen and period of exposure often determine the severity of symptoms. Some people may be genetically more prone than others, and exposure to other irritants may aggravate symptoms. Allergy causing activity is due to interactions with proteins.</p> <p>Attention should be paid to atopic diathesis, characterised by increased susceptibility to nasal inflammation, asthma and eczema. Exogenous allergic alveolitis is induced essentially by allergen specific immune-complexes of the IgG type; cell-mediated reactions (T lymphocytes) may be involved. Such allergy is of the delayed type with onset up to four hours following exposure.</p> <p>Goitrogenic: Goitrogens are substances that suppress the function of the thyroid gland by interfering with iodine uptake, which can, as a result, cause an enlargement of the thyroid (a goitre). Goitrogens include: - Vitexin, a flavonoid, which inhibits thyroid peroxidase, contributing to goitre - Thiocyanate and perchlorate, which decrease iodide uptake by competitive inhibition and consequently increase release of TSH from the pituitary gland - Lithium, which inhibits thyroid hormone release - Certain foods, such as soy and millet (containing vitexins) and vegetables in the genus Brassica (which includes broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cabbage, cauliflower and horseradish). - Caffeine (found in coffee, tea, cola and chocolate), which acts on thyroid function as a suppressant.</p>
ETHYLENE CARBONATE	<p>The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis.</p> <p>For ethylene carbonate: Ethylene carbonate is rapidly converted to ethylene glycol, and both substances have similar toxicity in animals. In animals, chronic exposure has resulted in kidney damage. Testing has not shown ethylene carbonate to cause genetic toxicity. At sufficient doses, ethylene carbonate caused birth defects.</p> <p>For ethylene glycol: Ethylene glycol is quickly and extensively absorbed throughout the gastrointestinal tract. Limited information suggests that it is also absorbed through the airways; absorption through skin is apparently slow. Following absorption, it is distributed throughout the body. In humans, it is initially metabolized by alcohol dehydrogenase to form glycoaldehyde, which is rapidly converted to glycolic acid and glyoxal. These breakdown products are oxidized to glyoxylate, which may be further metabolized to formic acid, oxalic acid, and glycine. Breakdown of both glycine and formic acid</p>

Toro Lithium Ion Battery Powered Equipment (UN3481) (Lithium Ion Battery Packed with Equipment)

	can generate carbon dioxide, which is one of the major elimination products of ethylene glycol.
PROPYLENE CARBONATE	for propylene carbonate: Numerous adequate and reliable acute toxicity tests are available on propylene carbonate. Oral and dermal tests meet OECD and EPA test guidelines. Propylene carbonate is practically nontoxic following acute exposures; the oral LD50 is >5000 mg/kg and the dermal LD50 is >3000 mg/kg. No further testing is recommended. Subchronic studies (13- 14 weeks) of propylene carbonate by inhalation (aerosol) and oral (gavage) routes were conducted in rats according to current guidelines. The oral study indicated low systemic toxicity from propylene carbonate (NOAEL = 5000 mg/kg/day). In the inhalation study, no systemic toxicity was seen at concentrations up to 1000 mg/m ³ ; however, there was periocular irritation and swelling in a few males at 500 and 1000 mg/m ³ .
DIETHYL CARBONATE	Equivocal tumorigen by RTECS criteria Exposure to the material for prolonged periods may cause physical defects in the developing embryo (teratogenesis).
COPPER	WARNING: Inhalation of high concentrations of copper fume may cause "metal fume fever", an acute industrial disease of short duration. Symptoms are tiredness, influenza like respiratory tract irritation with fever. for copper and its compounds (typically copper chloride): Acute toxicity: There are no reliable acute oral toxicity results available. In an acute dermal toxicity study (OECD TG 402), one group of 5 male rats and 5 groups of 5 female rats received doses of 1000, 1500 and 2000 mg/kg bw via dermal application for 24 hours. The LD50 values of copper monochloride were 2,000 mg/kg bw or greater for male (no deaths observed) and 1,224 mg/kg bw for female. Four females died at both 1500 and 2000 mg/kg bw, and one at 1,000 mg/kg bw. Symptom of the hardness of skin, an exudation of hardness site, the formation of scar and reddish changes were observed on application sites in all treated animals. Skin inflammation and injury were also noted.
NICKEL	Oral (rat) TDLo: 500 mg/kg/5D-I Inhalation (rat) TCLo: 0.1 mg/m ³ /24H/17W-C Tenth Annual Report on Carcinogens: Substance anticipated to be Carcinogen [National Toxicology Program: U.S. Dep. of Health & Human Services 2002]
LITHIUM COBALTATE & COPPER & NICKEL	The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product. Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The pathogenesis of contact eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. Other allergic skin reactions, e.g. contact urticaria, involve antibody-mediated immune reactions. The significance of the contact allergen is not simply determined by its sensitisation potential: the distribution of the substance and the opportunities for contact with it are equally important. A weakly sensitising substance which is widely distributed can be a more important allergen than one with stronger sensitising potential with which few individuals come into contact.
LITHIUM COBALTATE & GRAPHITE & LITHIUM FLUOROPHOSPHATE & ALUMINIUM & VINYLIDENE FLUORIDE HOMOPOLYMER	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.
GRAPHITE & LITHIUM FLUOROPHOSPHATE & ETHYLENE CARBONATE & DIETHYL CARBONATE & ETHYL PROPIONATE	Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur after exposure to high levels of highly irritating compound. Main criteria for diagnosing RADS include the absence of previous airways disease in a non-atopic individual, with sudden onset of persistent asthma-like symptoms within minutes to hours of a documented exposure to the irritant. Other criteria for diagnosis of RADS include a reversible airflow pattern on lung function tests, moderate to severe bronchial hyperreactivity on methacholine challenge testing, and the lack of minimal lymphocytic inflammation, without eosinophilia. RADS (or asthma) following an irritating inhalation is an infrequent disorder with rates related to the concentration of and duration of exposure to the irritating substance. On the other hand, industrial bronchitis is a disorder that occurs as a result of exposure due to high concentrations of irritating substance (often particles) and is completely reversible after exposure ceases.
ETHYLENE CARBONATE & PROPYLENE CARBONATE & ETHYL PROPIONATE	The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin.
PROPYLENE CARBONATE & NICKEL	WARNING: This substance has been classified by the IARC as Group 2B: Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans.
PROPYLENE CARBONATE & ETHYL PROPIONATE	The material may produce moderate eye irritation leading to inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis.

Acute Toxicity	✓	Carcinogenicity	✓
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	✗
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓	STOT - Single Exposure	✗
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	✓	STOT - Repeated Exposure	✓
Mutagenicity	✗	Aspiration Hazard	✗

Legend: ✗ – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification
 ✓ – Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

Toro Lithium Ion Battery Powered Equipment (UN3481) (Lithium Ion Battery Packed with Equipment)	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
		Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
lithium cobaltate	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	EC10(ECx)	168h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.00123mg/l	2
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	23.8mg/l	2
	LC50	96h	Fish	0.8mg/l	2
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.0288mg/l	2
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	0.241mg/l	2

Toro Lithium Ion Battery Powered Equipment (UN3481) (Lithium Ion Battery Packed with Equipment)

graphite	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	NOEC(ECx)	48h	Crustacea	>=100mg/l	2
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	>100mg/l	2
	LC50	96h	Fish	>100mg/l	2
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	>100mg/l	2
lithium fluorophosphate	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	NOEC(ECx)	528h	Fish	0.2mg/l	2
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	62mg/l	2
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	43mg/l	2
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	98mg/l	2
	LC50	96h	Fish	42mg/l	2
ethylene carbonate	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	NOEC(ECx)	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	100mg/l	2
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	>100mg/l	2
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	>100mg/l	2
	LC50	96h	Fish	>100mg/l	2
propylene carbonate	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	LC50	96h	Fish	1000mg/l	1
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	>900mg/l	1
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	>1000mg/l	1
	NOEC(ECx)	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	900mg/l	1
diethyl carbonate	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	LC50	96h	Fish	45.1-419.4mg/l	2
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	>57.29mg/l	2
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	>74.16mg/l	2
	NOEC(ECx)	Not Available	Crustacea	25mg/l	2
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	47.6-68.8mg/l	2
ethyl propionate	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	LC50	96h	Fish	4.77mg/l	2
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	>130mg/l	2
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	25.5mg/l	2
	NOEC(ECx)	504h	Crustacea	1.3mg/L	5
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	200mg/l	4
copper	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	NOEC(ECx)	48h	Fish	0.00009mg/l	4
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.03-0.058mg/l	4
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.011-0.017mg/L	4
	LC50	96h	Fish	0.0028mg/l	2
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	0.0006-0.0017mg/l	4
aluminium	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	NOEC(ECx)	48h	Crustacea	>100mg/l	1
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.0054mg/l	2
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.0169mg/l	2
	LC50	96h	Fish	0.078-0.108mg/l	2
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	0.7364mg/l	2
vinylidene fluoride homopolymer	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
steel	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Toro Lithium Ion Battery Powered Equipment (UN3481) (Lithium Ion Battery Packed with Equipment)

	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
nickel	EC50(ECx)	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.18mg/l	1
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.174-0.311mg/l	4
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.18mg/l	1
	LC50	96h	Fish	0.06mg/l	4
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	>100mg/l	1
Legend:	Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data				

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
ethylene carbonate	HIGH	HIGH
propylene carbonate	HIGH	HIGH
diethyl carbonate	HIGH	HIGH
ethyl propionate	LOW	LOW
vinylidene fluoride homopolymer	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
ethylene carbonate	LOW (LogKOW = -0.3388)
propylene carbonate	LOW (LogKOW = -0.41)
diethyl carbonate	LOW (LogKOW = 1.21)
ethyl propionate	LOW (LogKOW = 1.21)
vinylidene fluoride homopolymer	LOW (LogKOW = 1.24)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
ethylene carbonate	LOW (KOC = 9.168)
propylene carbonate	LOW (KOC = 14.85)
diethyl carbonate	LOW (KOC = 28.08)
ethyl propionate	LOW (KOC = 11.85)
vinylidene fluoride homopolymer	LOW (KOC = 35.04)


SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options. Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal. Bury residue in an authorised landfill. Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.
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SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

	
Marine Pollutant	NO

Land transport (DOT)

UN number or ID number	3481				
UN proper shipping name	Lithium ion batteries packed with equipment including lithium ion polymer batteries; Lithium ion batteries contained in equipment including lithium ion polymer batteries				
Transport hazard class(es)	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Class</td> <td>9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Subsidiary risk</td> <td>Not Applicable</td> </tr> </table>	Class	9	Subsidiary risk	Not Applicable
Class	9				
Subsidiary risk	Not Applicable				
Packing group	Not Applicable				
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable				

Toro Lithium Ion Battery Powered Equipment (UN3481) (Lithium Ion Battery Packed with Equipment)

Special precautions for user	Hazard Label	9
	Special provisions	181, 360, 388, 422, A54

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number	3481	
UN proper shipping name	Lithium ion batteries packed with equipment (including lithium ion polymer batteries); Lithium ion batteries contained in equipment (including lithium ion polymer batteries)	
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class	9
	ICAO / IATA Subrisk	Not Applicable
	ERG Code	12FZ
Packing group	Not Applicable	
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable	
Special precautions for user	Special provisions	A48 A88 A99 A154 A164 A181 A185 A213 A220; A88 A99 A154 A164 A181 A185 A213 A802
	Cargo Only Packing Instructions	967; 966
	Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack	35 kg
	Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions	967; 966
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack	5 kg
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Forbidden
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	Forbidden

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	3481	
UN proper shipping name	LITHIUM ION BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or LITHIUM ION BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT (including lithium ion polymer batteries)	
Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class	9
	IMDG Subrisk	Not Applicable
Packing group	Not Applicable	
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable	
Special precautions for user	EMS Number	F-A, S-I
	Special provisions	188 230 310 348 360 376 377 384 387 390
	Limited Quantities	0

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
lithium cobaltate	Not Available
graphite	Not Available
lithium fluorophosphate	Not Available
ethylene carbonate	Not Available
propylene carbonate	Not Available
diethyl carbonate	Not Available
ethyl propionate	Not Available
copper	Not Available
aluminium	Not Available
vinylidene fluoride homopolymer	Not Available
steel	Not Available
nickel	Not Available

Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type
lithium cobaltate	Not Available
graphite	Not Available
lithium fluorophosphate	Not Available
ethylene carbonate	Not Available

Toro Lithium Ion Battery Powered Equipment (UN3481) (Lithium Ion Battery Packed with Equipment)

Product name	Ship Type
propylene carbonate	Not Available
diethyl carbonate	Not Available
ethyl propionate	Not Available
copper	Not Available
aluminium	Not Available
vinylidene fluoride homopolymer	Not Available
steel	Not Available
nickel	Not Available

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

lithium cobaltate is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

US - Alaska Air Quality Control - Concentrations Triggering an Air Quality Episode for Air Pollutants Other Than PM-2.5

US - California Hazardous Air Pollutants Identified as Toxic Air Contaminants

US Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants

US EPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS)

US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List

US National Toxicology Program (NTP) 15th Report Part B. Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

graphite is found on the following regulatory lists

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

US - Alaska Air Quality Control - Concentrations Triggering an Air Quality Episode for Air Pollutants Other Than PM-2.5

US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

lithium fluorophosphate is found on the following regulatory lists

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

US - Alaska Air Quality Control - Concentrations Triggering an Air Quality Episode for Air Pollutants Other Than PM-2.5

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

ethylene carbonate is found on the following regulatory lists

US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

propylene carbonate is found on the following regulatory lists

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

diethyl carbonate is found on the following regulatory lists

US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

ethyl propionate is found on the following regulatory lists

US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

copper is found on the following regulatory lists

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

US - Alaska Air Quality Control - Concentrations Triggering an Air Quality Episode for Air Pollutants Other Than PM-2.5

US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals

US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs)

US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants

US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US EPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS)

US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

aluminium is found on the following regulatory lists

Toro Lithium Ion Battery Powered Equipment (UN3481) (Lithium Ion Battery Packed with Equipment)

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

US - Alaska Air Quality Control - Concentrations Triggering an Air Quality Episode for Air Pollutants Other Than PM-2.5

US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals

US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs)

US Department of Homeland Security (DHS) - Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (CFATS) - Chemicals of Interest

US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

vinyllidene fluoride homopolymer is found on the following regulatory lists

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

US - Alaska Air Quality Control - Concentrations Triggering an Air Quality Episode for Air Pollutants Other Than PM-2.5

US List of Active Substances Exempt from the TSCA Inventory Notifications (Active-Inactive) Rule

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

steel is found on the following regulatory lists

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

US - Alaska Air Quality Control - Concentrations Triggering an Air Quality Episode for Air Pollutants Other Than PM-2.5

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

nickel is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

US - Alaska Air Quality Control - Concentrations Triggering an Air Quality Episode for Air Pollutants Other Than PM-2.5

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens

US - California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 - Proposition 65 List

US - California Substances Identified As Toxic Air Contaminants

US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals

US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs)

US Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants

US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants

US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List

US National Toxicology Program (NTP) 15th Report Part B. Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen

US NIOSH Carcinogen List

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

Federal Regulations

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Section 311/312 hazard categories

Flammable (Gases, Aerosols, Liquids, or Solids)	Yes
Gas under pressure	No
Explosive	No
Self-heating	No
Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid)	No
Pyrophoric Gas	No
Corrosive to metal	No
Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas)	No
Organic Peroxide	No
Self-reactive	No
In contact with water emits flammable gas	No
Combustible Dust	No
Carcinogenicity	Yes
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)	Yes
Reproductive toxicity	No
Skin Corrosion or Irritation	Yes
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	Yes
Serious eye damage or eye irritation	Yes
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	Yes
Aspiration Hazard	No
Germ cell mutagenicity	No
Simple Asphyxiant	No
Hazards Not Otherwise Classified	No

Toro Lithium Ion Battery Powered Equipment (UN3481) (Lithium Ion Battery Packed with Equipment)

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (40 CFR 302.4)

Name	Reportable Quantity in Pounds (lb)	Reportable Quantity in kg
copper	5000	2270
nickel	100	45.4

State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including **nickel**, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	No (steel)
Canada - DSL	No (lithium fluorophosphate; steel)
Canada - NDSL	No (lithium cobaltate; graphite; ethylene carbonate; propylene carbonate; diethyl carbonate; ethyl propionate; copper; aluminium; vinylidene fluoride homopolymer; steel; nickel)
China - IECSC	No (steel)
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	No (vinylidene fluoride homopolymer; steel)
Japan - ENCS	No (graphite; lithium fluorophosphate; copper; aluminium; steel; nickel)
Korea - KECI	No (steel)
New Zealand - NZIoC	No (lithium fluorophosphate)
Philippines - PICCS	No (lithium cobaltate; steel)
USA - TSCA	No (steel)
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes
Mexico - INSQ	No (lithium cobaltate; lithium fluorophosphate; ethylene carbonate; vinylidene fluoride homopolymer; steel)
Vietnam - NCI	No (lithium cobaltate)
Russia - FBEPH	No (lithium cobaltate; lithium fluorophosphate; steel)
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	23/12/2022
Initial Date	07/05/2019

SDS Version Summary

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
6.1	03/09/2020	Classification change due to full database hazard calculation/update.
7.1	23/12/2022	Classification review due to GHS Revision change.

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC—TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
 PC—STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
 ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
 STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
 TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit.
 IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations
 ES: Exposure Standard
 OSF: Odour Safety Factor
 NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level
 LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
 TLV: Threshold Limit Value
 LOD: Limit Of Detection
 OTV: Odour Threshold Value
 BCF: BioConcentration Factors
 BEI: Biological Exposure Index
 AIIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
 DSL: Domestic Substances List
 NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List
 IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China
 EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
 ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
 NLP: No-Longer Polymers

Toro Lithium Ion Battery Powered Equipment (UN3481) (Lithium Ion Battery Packed with Equipment)

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas

NCI: National Chemical Inventory

FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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